E-commerce Adoption Readiness and Need Identification in the Timber Industry



Agenda



- Introduction
- Survey Results:
 - → Profile of Respondents
 - Level of ICT Adoption
 - └→ The Intensity of E-commerce Usage
- Policy Implications and Recommendations



- Industries' Experiences in E-commerce Development
 and Adoption
- Industry Players' Expectations from Government to Facilitate E-business Strategy



Project Report Contents



Objective of the Study



An Overview of Malaysia's Timber and Timber Products Industry



The E-Commerce Connection



Worldwide E-Commerce Trends



Barriers Hind E-Commerce

Hindering the Adoption

of

Malaysia's Network Connection



Survey Methodology



Analysis of the Survey's Results



Sharing of Timber Companies' Experiencing in E-Commerce Development and Adoption



Conclusion, Policy Recommendations Implications and

Readiness

Barriers

Assess the state of e-commerce adoption and level of awareness (Large vs SMEs)

To identify, examine factors and barriers hindering e-commerce adoption

FacilitationTo investigate the need of Government's
facilitation support for e-commerce adoption

Solutions To assist organization and company preparing for e-commerce adoption – Why the needs and How?

Direction To propose policy recommendations for now and future for the development of ICT in enhancing business prospects





Qualitative



No data and information available of ICT and ecommerce adoption in the timber and timber products industry



Timber and timber products' contribution to Overall Economy



Source: Department of Statistics, Malaysia (DOSM); MTIB; MIDA

* Includes employment in wood products and furniture of the manufacturing sector. Furniture comprises wooden and cane furniture as per DOSM's Monthly Manufacturing Statistics.; ** total national employment: ***Wood & wood products and furniture and fixtures





Lacking "digital push" e-platform is one of challenges and dilemmas faced by Malaysia's timber and timber products industry

Meanwhile, the fact showed that...



Source: DOSM Noted: *Gross Value Added of ICT industry (GVAICT) + E-commerce (non ICT industry)

Malaysia's e-commerce sales was largely boosted by domestic users, suggesting that *there is an immense potential of ecommerce in the international marketplace...*

In 2015, only 5.2% (47,556 businesses) of total establishments were involved in e-commerce in Malaysia

, run			_
	2015	2017	
	RM b	CAGR	
Domestic	357	400	† 5.8%
International	41	48	7.8%
Total	398	448	6.0%
Source: DOSM			

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Low Digital Adoption in Marketing and Delivery Services

Malaysia's e-commerce policy landscape





Selected e-commerce initiatives

No	In	cen	tive
		0011	

- 1. SME Digitalisation Grant
- 2. Perkhidmatan eDagang Setampat (PeDAS)
- 3. Business Scale-Up Programme (Biz-Up Programme)
- 4. Soft Financing Scheme for Digital and Technology (SFDT)
- 5. MSME E-commerce Campaign
- 6. The Shop Malaysia Online Campaign

Source: Various



Malaysia's network connection

Positive correlation between ICT adoption and E-commerce adoption



services

Source: DOSM



Survey Results:
Profile of Respondents
Level of ICT Adoption
The Intensity of E-commerce Usage

Profile of Respondents (The survey period: mid-Aug to mid-Sept 2020)





Applications Still Limiting to Basic ICT Tools

- Almost all timber companies, especially in Peninsular Malaysia (PM) have adopted basic ICT devices and tools.
- The adoption rate of computers and internet access has surpassed average national adoption rate.



ICT Usage Needs Enhancement in the Timber Industry

- Timber and timber products companies do not fully tap on the web-based technologies (such as company's website and social media platforms) to explore business opportunities, citing cost constraints and lack of technical expertise.
- In terms of company website, large companies (56.0% of respondents) usually have their own website compared to SMEs (28.0%). Ironically, SMEs use social media (21.9%) more frequently than large enterprises (8.0%).



Low Adoption Rate in Digital Technology in the Timber Industry



Note: *Most widely used + widely used; 20% weight for each component

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Mismatch Between Perception and Current Level of Digitalisation

• The current adoption of digital technology is rated as "Low (20.8%)".

Overall self-perception on the use of digital technology



- Respondents who perceived themselves as "moderate" in the level of digitalisation turned out to be "Low (20.3%)"
- Respondents who perceived their level of digitalisation as "High" or "High advanced", the current adoption level is a tad above moderate level (50.8%).

	Digital Features	Moderate	High
	Applications	Group	Group*
1.	Electronic marketing	2.7%	7.7%
2.	Electronic advertising	3.3%	8.4%
3.	Customer support service	4.2%	11.1%
4.	Order and delivery	4.7%	11.8%
5.	Payment	5.5%	11.8%
	Total score :	20.3%	50.8%

Note:*= Respondents who rate "high" + highly advanced"; % = "Most widely used" + "Widely used"; 20% weight for each component

The Intention to Adopt Digital Technologies in 2 to 5 years

- By size of operations, **24.2% of SMEs are using e-commerce platform as against only 4.2% of large enterprises**. The furniture business has a higher adoption rate (31.4% of respondents) vs non-furniture (13.5%).
- By location, timber businesses in Peninsular Malaysia have a higher usage rate (31.0%) in e-commerce platform compared to East Malaysia (8.2%).



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Most Felt that E-commerce Is Not A Big Threat; It Is Critical to Business Advantage



mudah.my

63.6%

58.5%

The Lack of E-commerce Usage in the Timber Industry

Overall current intensity of e-commerce usage in the timber industry



- None of the enterprises in East Malaysia and large enterprises in Peninsular Malaysia surveyed have participated in e-commerce.
- By location, timber companies in East Malaysia (30.6% of respondents) indicated that they can survive without e-commerce or digital technology, whereas only 19.2% of timber companies in Peninsular Malaysia have the same thought.
 - **E-commerce is not suitable for the timber industry.** For example, sawn timber is a bulky order/per container and hence, it is inappropriate or not flexible to trade via e-commerce platform.
 - Existing customers may not favour their own suppliers to display the products' pricing online as they worry that it may lead to end-users could potentially in direct contact with the suppliers, bypassing them (manufacturers/ sellers).

For Respondents who Have Adopted E-commerce:





54.0% of Respondents Expect to Apply Grant/Financial Assistance From Government Agencies



Ways to fund your e-commerce adoption or expansion



Operational Perspective Outweighs Financial Perspective

- For financial perspective, no significant change in the ranking by business segments and location. Only 37.1% of respondents expect top line growth would translate into an increase in profit.
- For operational perspective, good review and online feedback on the products in e-commerce platform will enhance the company's brand and help next customers' decision to purchase the product.



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Factors Hindering the Adoption of E-commerce in the Timber Industry

• No major differences in the ranking of hindering factors for the adoption of e-commerce by business segment and location.

20 facto	rs hindering the adoption of ecommerce, covering:	Overall	Furniture & furniture components	Non-furniture & furniture components	Peninsular Malaysia	East Malaysia
	Financial perspective	Mean Ratir	ng			
		69.3% 2.92	70.6%	68.3%	72.1%	65.5%
	Government perspective					
Ä	6	5.5% 2.82	69.8%	62.1%	62.2%	69.9%
	Technology perspective					
\checkmark	63	.4% 2.80	61.6%	64.8%	63.1%	63.9%
-	Operational perspective					
	61.7	7% 2.79	61.2%	62.2%	61.3%	62.3%
-	Management perspective					
	55.4%	2.53	56.0%	55.5%	54.6%	56.6%
-	Facility perspective					
	46.3%	2.42	42.3%	49.5%	46.4%	46.1%
-						

Note: % = constrained + very constrained + extremely constrained

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Hindering Factors : Financial Perspective

Need additional staff to manage electronic commerce applications 75.1% Cost of setting up electronic commerce is high 72.1% 28.5% Difficult to justify the cost with desired benefits 71.5% "22.7%" Market potential of e-commerce users is too small **58.6%** = constrained + very constrained + extremely constrained 📕 = very constrained + extremely constrained = "XX%"

Note: Figure without quotation mark ("") comprises % of respondents voted "constrained", "very constrained" and "extremely constrained"; Figure with quotation mark ("") comprises % of respondents voted "very constrained" and "extremely constrained" only

Unaware of the importance of skill set requirement to adopt ecommerce. If needed, would prefer to train the existing staff rather than hire new staff who equipped with IT knowledge.

The cost incurred in the recruitment of technical expertise manpower, investment in ICT infrastructure and e-commerce's website would require a certain amount of capital.

- E-commerce marketplace is not a suitable platform to conduct online business due to e-commerce is usually perceived to generate low profit margin
- Worry about ROI due to low sales turnover

Unable to generate sales through the online platform as customers would choose to visit the factory and conduct self-inspections of the products before placing orders.

Hindering Factors : Operational Perspective



Note: Figure without quotation mark ("") comprises % of respondents voted "constrained", "very constrained" and "extremely constrained"; Figure with quotation mark ("") comprises % of respondents voted "very constrained" and "extremely constrained" only

- The delivery via couriers services very difficulty and costly
- "See and feel" or "feel and self-inspect" attitude

Hindering Factors : Technology Perspective



Note: Figure without quotation mark ("") comprises % of respondents voted "constrained", "very constrained" and "extremely constrained"; Figure with quotation mark ("") comprises % of respondents voted "very constrained" and "extremely constrained" only

One company was in the midst of implementing ERP system but the whole system was infected with virus. The company has lost all data.

The problem occurred because the IT vendor assumed that the company should have its own firewall and anti-virus software while the company assumed it should be part of job/role of IT vendor.

Insufficient availability of high-speed broadband data plan in areas and factories. Revenue is not able to cover the installation cost of fibre optic cable. These factories have no choice but to endure cheaper STEAMYX internet plan.

Unable to keep up with the pace of digital technologies in the implementation of e-commerce. It is far more complex and requires frequent updating and maintenance of the system by technical staff



Hindering Factors : Other Perspectives (cont.)

Environmental barriers

- Most of the manufacturers indicated that there are more advantages of using distributors compared to the adoption of ecommerce. Manufacturers do not want to upset their distributors by setting up own e-commerce sales channels.
- Major push factors for B2C e-commerce adoption is **the limitation in logistics services**. The logistic service providers do not providing delivery services for oversize and over-weight products.
- Manufacturers are reluctant to have another unit/division to manage the delivery of orders because it is not cost efficient: (a) To deliver throughout Malaysia using the company's own delivery team; and (b) To deliver within a reasonable time schedules.

	_			
1545	Logistics service provider	Max dimension (anyone of L/W/H)	Total dimension (L+W+H)	Actual and volumetric weight limit (kg)
	J&T Express	150cm	300cm	70
1	Pos Laju	105cm	200cm	30
Laju	DHL Express	-	150cm	30
	Skynet	-	-	30
	The Lorry	-	-	150

Dimension and weight limitation on parcel delivery imposed by B2C e-commerce logistic service providers

* L=Length; W=Width; H=Height

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Note: Volumetric weight calculation: (L x W x H) / 5000 = kilograms; For Pos Laju and J&T Express: (L x W x H) / 6000 = kilograms



Policy Implications and Recommendations



GROUP OF EXPERTS ON E-COMMERCE IN THE TIMBER INDUSTRY

- Comprising representatives from the timber and timber products industry, government agencies and e-commerce experts.
- An exchange of ideas and views to formulate policies and initiatives; support capacity building.



DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION ASSESSMENT

Carry out the gaps' identification and assessments concerning the aspects of people, process, technology and content



TRAINING NEEDS IDENTIFICATION

Training is a type of continuous learning process in digital transformation as technology advancement evolves, e-commerce business models as well as the new norm of doing business will evolve accordingly

JOURNEY OF DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION

Drawing a digital transformation roadmap -- "Stages of digital transformation" versus the "Phases of digital transformation" readiness" of each industry

Industries' Experiences in E-commerce Development and Adoption

Case Study – Industries' Experiences and Stories (B2C)



NSJ Stylish Store

~Wooden craft and gift retailer Social media marketing strategies Multi-channels management

Key takeaways:

- · E-marketplaces much cheaper and fast to setup, easier and cheaper to drive traffic than own website
- E-marketplaces provide very clear-cut customer care policy, improve customers' confidence
- Large user base on social media
- Why need to adopt social media marketing?
 - To grow brand awareness by telling the brand's story
 - To link the traffic from social media pages to website and marketplaces, then improve conversion rate
 - Solicit feedbacks and reviews for the products
 - Provide customer service by handling their questions on social media and reply them fast
 - Build loyal customers
- · Set-up multiple online sales channels as each marketplace has its own loyal customers



Personalized Bamboo Pen Set *****(1) RM95.00 MYR



Handcrafted Personalized Wooden Necklace ***** from RM67.00 MYR



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Personalized Bamboo Plaque *****(3) from RM115.00 MYR

Personalized Wooden Credit

Card Holder

RM90.00 MYR



Personalized Wooden USB Flash Drive with Wooden Box

***** from RM85.00 MYR





Personalized 5 Slots Walnut Wood Watch Box RM299.00 MYR



Personalized Bamboo Cutlery Set

***** from RM20.00 MYR

0/ 35



RM99.00 MYR



Case Study – Industries' Experiences and Stories (B2C)

Number of followers on the NSJ Stylish Store's Facebook page



Apply multi-channel management software to manage all sales channels efficiently, with function of

- (i) channel feed management;
- (ii) order management system;
- (iii) cart-to-marketplace connector; (iv) analytics;

(v) customer relationship management tools; and (vi) all-in-one management solution

Number of followers on the NSJ Stylish Store Instagram page



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Case Study – Industries' Experiences and Stories (B2B)



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Taichen Enterprise

~Timber trader
 ◆Transformation
 (Domestic trading → International business)

Key takeaways:

- Discredit the myth that e-commerce platform is not the right avenue for unfinished or semi-finished timber products
- Cost and human resource required to start B2B ecommerce are not as high as what is expected
- Number of transactions and reviews accumulated on the e-marketplace will give confidence to the potential buyers and help the company to get higher ranking when someone is conducting a product search in e-marketplace; resolve complaints before the buyers posting a bad review
- Fast reply is expected, reply any enquiry promptly as the notification of messages came through
- Customer will first try to make a small order and slowly increase the order size as the level of trust is built over time



Case Study – Industries' Experiences and Stories (B2B)

🖾 Contact Supplier

Chat Now!

The transaction history give confidence to potential buyers

Transaction History

Below is the information about the supplier's transactions conducted via Alibaba.com. If you require further details regarding the transaction data, please contact the supplier directly.

Transactions	Export Markets	
30 successare 20 10	No. of Transactions	Transaction Value
Cot Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug	9 54p	

Transaction Details

All Countries / Regions

This supplier has completed 242 Transactions.

The appendition of the second second second

Shipping Destination	Transaction Value	Transaction Date
Singapore	USD \$",***.**	10/20/2020
Singapore	USD \$*.***.**	10/20/2020
Singapore	USD \$*,***.**	10/20/2020
Thailand	USD \$**,***.**	10/16/2020
Thailand	USD 5**,*** **	10/16/2020
Singapore	USD 5*,***.**	10/13/2020
Singapore	USD \$*,***.**	10/13/2020
Singapore	USD 5*,***.**	10/13/2020
		Colto Pane

A sample of 8 products (out of 20) listed on Alibaba.com



 Kasal Sawn Timber
 Ken

 \$600.00 - \$900.00 / Cubic Meter
 \$60

 20 Cubic Meters (Min. Order)
 20 G

Kempas Sawn Timber \$600.00 - \$800.00 / Cubic Meter 20 Cubic Meters (Min. Order)

eter \$500.00 - \$800.00 / Cubic Meter 20 Cubic Meters (Min. Order)



Kembang Semangkok S4S Boards / Dressed Timber \$500.00 - \$800.00 / Cubic Meter 20 Cubic Meters (Min. Order)



Keruing dressed timber / moulding \$1,000.00 - \$1,200.00... 1 Cubic Meter (Min. Order)



Nyatoh S4S Boards / Dressed Timber \$500.00 - \$800.00 / Cubic Meter

20 Cubic Meters (Min. Order)





 Merbau / Kwila Sawn Timber
 Red Meranti Sawn Timber

 \$1,800.00 - \$2,000.00...
 \$600.00 - \$900.00 / Cubic Meter

 20 Cubic Meters (Min. Order)
 20 Cubic Meters (Min. Order)



Case Study – Industries' Experiences and Stories (B2C +B2C)

D述述P

DEEP Furniture*~Furniture exporter***☆**Local online store

Key takeaways:

- Experiential marketing strategy: Started art gallery and in collaboration with boutique hotel to showcase products as an offline experiential base for some customers
- Only can list small-sized products on e-marketplaces as logistic service providers not accepting overweight and oversized items
- Use more packaging materials to withstand wear and tear during delivery process





MUO Boutique Hotels furnished rooms and common area with DEEP furniture.



Only small-sized products are listed on LAZADA



Barriers to the Adoption of E-commerce

 Not suitable for products and services, e.g. products' variation has too many different options available / too many customisations; bulky and heavy



- Not suitable to the ways customers and / or suppliers doing business
- Does not offer any advantages to business operations or organisation
- Not necessary for business



Not really interested in the adoption of e-commerce and web-based technology

Management approach



Have little or do not have e-commerce capabilities



 Do not have the technical knowledge, manpower and IT support service in the organisation

- Lack of understanding on how e-business operation works
- · Do not know how to start with the work flows
- Too complicated to implement
- Need to constantly update ICT digital technologies to ensure a smooth operation
- Trust and security issues in e-commerce applications
- Cost and amount of resources required to implement e-commerce are too high
- No time and resources
- Difficulty in choosing the most suitable ecommerce platform

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The concerns from industry players

Myths vs. Realities of E-commerce

Myths gathered from interviewees	Realities explained from literature
	✓ E-commerce coverage is bigger than a business
No experience needed to start-up e- commerce	 Fundamental industry knowledge and expertise, basic practical skills will help to launch online business start-up
E-commerce is about "What You Sell" than "How You Sell"	✓ E-commerce is more about "How You Sell" than "What You Sell"
E-Commerce is easy and is free	 New online webstores rely heavily on marketplace or e- platforms guideline and operational materials
Only price matters in e-commerce	 Flavoured and foster positive customer experience allows one to command a higher price
E-commerce is about listing products today and sales will generate the next day	 E-commerce is about optimizing webstores or websites to bring traffic, enhance product appearance and drive sales
Already successful and do not need e- commerce	✓ The company should view e-commerce as a "future market expansion" rather than a "business replacement"
E-commerce is not right/suitable for the business, especially B2B	✓ A comprehensive B2B platform is like an integrated back- end office systems, allows the company to configure pricing on a per-customer basis, offering individualised promotions, request for quotation, etc.
It is too much work to start an e- commerce	 "ERP Integrated E-Commerce Solution" will eliminate literally all of the manual data entry problems



Case Studies: Evolution of Digital Transformation in New Norm

COVID-19 -> Ability to adapt quickly to changes is vital

Examples of new business norm:



Tourism Industry: Virtual Reality (VR) and Augmented Reality (AR)



Payment Method



💼 zoom 🛛 🗱 Chime

CLEO X

systems

Chatbot - Manage customer service



Fresh vegetables daily online



Does the timber and timber products industry have an option for business innovation and digital transformation?

- The company can choose to step back and remain status quo, hoping that the pandemic outbreak will soon be over?
- The business who embraces the changes can either be the disrupter, or to be the one riding on the waves to adopt technologies in business operations so that the company can stay competitive in the industry.

Related and relevant digital transformation events

A. Malaysia SME e-Fair 2020



B. Digital Online Trade Show





Building a Successful Digital Transformation Roadmap

- It is crucial to understand and assess the needs and gaps as well as implement appropriate business strategies and ٠ **solutions**. One must know how to create differentiating ways of doing business to drive growth in new and existing markets.
- The outcomes of collective interviews with the respondents revealed an obvious existence of "GAPS" of "current state assessment" preparing in the timber and timber products industry to become a fully digitized enterprise.
- The gaps can be identified ٠ from the broad perspective of people, process. technology and content.



Building a Successful Digital Transformation Roadmap (cont.)



People Gap (Superior Customer Experience)

- People-centric culture loyal customers foster higher customer value
- Improve customer experience in navigating the journey through brand engagement before and after purchasing
- Tailor the **pricing strategies to maximise profit per customer**, each request-for-quotation is using persona for pricing for superior customer experience



Technology Gap (Integrated Information Infrastructure)

- Contextualized information architecture through technology
- Added-value if the B2B manufacturers (i.e. sawn timber) place efforts on website search engine optimization (SEO), master the knowledge and skill set as well as optimizing websites traffic to increase visibility.



Process Gap (Maximum Organizational Efficiency)

- Understanding and focussing on customer experience as well as e-commerce workflows lead to better operational integration
- Improve the business decision making process and maximise organizational efficiency for new digital business model



Content Gap (Optimized Content Management)

- Pictures and product videos mean a thousand words
- Managing both internal enterprise information and customer content are part of the content marketing strategy
- Product information is a must to organize contextually to reflect buyer preference and also to **make most relevant content accurate, personalised and findable**

Building a Successful Digital Transformation Roadmap (cont.)

The timber and wood-based industry is at the fundamental and awareness phase of digital transformation.

There are times businesses decided ...



DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION ROADMAP							
S	TAGES OF DIGITAL	TRANSFORMATIO	N				
Stage 2 Present and Active	Stage 3 Formalized	Stage 4 Strategic	Stage 5 Converged	Stage 6 Innovative and Adaptive			
Pockets of experimentation are driving digital literacy and creativity, albeit disparately, throughout the organization while aiming to improve and amplify specific touch- points and processes.	Experimentation becomes intentional while executing at more promising and capable levels. Initiatives become bolder and, as a result, change agents seek executive support for new resources and technology.	Individual groups recognize the strength in collaboration as their research, work, and shared insights contribute to new strategic roadmaps that plan for digital transformation ownership, efforts and investments.	A dedicated digital transformation team forms to guide strategy and operations based on business and customer-centric goals. The new infrastructure of the organizations takes shapes as roles, expertise, models, processes, and systems to support transformation are solidified.	Digital transformation becomes a way of business as executives and strategists recognize that change is constant. A new ecosystem is established to identify and act upon technology and market trends in pilot and, eventually, at scale.			
r Industry – East Ma	Ilaysia						
– West Malaysia							
Wood-based Indust	try – East Malaysia						
l Industry – alaysia							
Deliberate planning is underway, and some boundary- pushing digital experiments begin throughout	A formalized digital transformation charter takes shapes. It guides customer experience, data	Leadership suppo with both a digi reactive resources organization expen stay aligned acr pushing hard to sta	rts transformation tal mandate and s allocation. The ds great efforts to oss departments, y current	Company culture proactively evolves and disrupts itself, both internally and externally. Internal data			
the organization. They are conducted in disparate silos with disconnected goals, resources and vision	strategy, organization structure, culture, all towards a shared vision. Integration and investments remain limited			fosters new ideas. Externally, it enables continued growth for partners I the extended ecosystem			
	Stage 2 Present and Active Pockets of experimentation are driving digital literacy and creativity, albeit disparately, throughout the organization while aiming to improve and amplify specific touch- points and processes.	STAGES OF DIGITALStage 2 Present and ActiveStage 3 FormalizedPockets experimentation are driving digital literacy creativity, albeit disparately, throughout the organization while aiming to improve points processes.Experimentation becomes intentional while executing at more promising and capable levels. Initiatives become bolder and, as a agents seckit change and technology.r Industry – East MalaysiaA formalizedWood-based Industry – alaysiaA formalized utransformation charter takes shapes. It guides customer	STAGES OF DIGITAL TRANSFORMATIONStage 2 Present and ActiveStage 3 FormalizedStage 4 StrategicPockets experimentation are driving digital literacy creativity, albeit disparately, throughout throughout throughout the organization while aiming to improve and ambing specific processes.Experimentation becomes intentional while capable levels.Individual groups recognize the strategicr Industry – East MalaysiaIndiustry – East MalaysiaIndiustry – East MalaysiaWood-based Industry – planning some boundary- pushing digital strategidA for malized ad gigital transformation charter charter customer customer customerLeadership suppor with both a digi reactive resources and investmentsPeliberate planning some boundary- pushing digital seperimentsA formalized customer customerLeadership suppor with both a digi reactive resources and investments	Stage 2 Present and Active Stage 3 Formalized Stage 4 Strategic Stage 5 Converged Pockets of experimentation are driving digital literacy Experimentation becomes intentional while executing at more organization while disparately, throughout the organization while adming to improve and amplify specific touch- points Experimentation becomes intentional while executing at more creativity, albeit promising and capable levels. Initiatives become agents Individual groups recognize the strength A dedicated digital transformation collaboration as team forms to transformation outcomes insights and amplify specific touch- points Individual amplify specific Converged ad amplify specific seek executive support for new resources and technology. Individual strategic goals. The new business and customer-centric roadmaps that plan for digital infrastructure of porcesses, and systems to support transformation are solidified. r Industry – East Malaysia - Pueliberate planing A formalized digital Leadership supports transformation are solidified. Industry – alaysia A formalized bleibrate pushing A formalized digital experiments A formalized customer Leadership supports transformation charter takes shapes. It guides customer			

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Building a Successful Digital Transformation Roadmap (cont.)

DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION ROADMAP							
STAGES OF DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION							
Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Stage 4	Stage 5	Stage 6		
Business As Usual	Present and Active	Formalized	Strategic	Converged	Innovative and Adaptive		
Organizations operate with	Pockets of experimentation	Experimentation becomes	Individual groups	A dedicated digital	Digital transformation		
a familiar legacy	are driving digital literacy	intentional while executing	recognize the strength in	transformation team forms to	becomes a way of		
perspective of customers	and creativity, albeit	at more promising and	collaboration as their	guide strategy and operations	business as executives		
processes, metrics,	disparately throughout the	capable levels. Initiatives	research, work, and	based on business and	and strategists recognize		
business model and	organization.	become bolder; change	shared insights contribute	customer-centric goals. The	that change is constant. A		
technology, believing that it	Aim to improve and amplify	agents seek executive	to new strategic roadmaps	new infrastructure of the	new ecosystem is		
remain the solution to	specific touch-points and	support for new resources	that plan for digital	organizations takes shapes	established to identify and		
digital relevance.	processes.	and technology.	transformation ownership,	as roles, expertise, models,	act upon technology and		
			efforts and investments.	processes, and systems to	market trends in pilot and,		
				support transformation are	eventually, at scale.		
				solidified.			
Timber industry – East Malaysia							
Timber industry	– West Malaysia						
	Wood-based indus	try – East Malaysia					
Wood-based indus	try – West Malaysia						
The organization realizes	Deliberate planning is	A formalized digital	Leadership supports transfo	ormation with both a digital	Company culture proactively		
there is an existential need	underway, and some	transformation charter takes	mandate and reactive resou	rces allocation. The	evolves and disrupts itself,		
for digital transformation	boundary-pushing digital	shapes. It guides customer	organization spends great e	fforts to stay aligned across	both internally and externally.		
based on customer needs,	experiments begin throughout	experience, data strategy,	departments, pushing hard	to stay current.	Internal data collaboration		
competitors, and industry,	the organization. They are	organization structure,			fosters new ideas. Externally,		
but yet has not taken any	conducted in disparate silos	culture, all towards a shared			it enables continued growth		
action to begin the process	with disconnected goals,	vision. Integration and			for partners in the extended		
digitalization.	resources and vision.	investments remain limited.			ecosystem.		
Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	Pha	se 4	Phase 5		
Stunted Awareness	Distributed Experimentation	Strategic Alignment	Responsive	Investment	Sustained Vitality		
	PHASE OF DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION MATURITY LEVEL (READINESS)						
O Sacia Faanamia Daas	() Sacia Economia Basaarah Cantra						

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E-commerce Business Models for the Timber and Timber Products Industry

A. Flagship store



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- There is limited or little customer engagement between consumers and manufacturers, driving customer away to its business partners/intermediaries in the long run
- Flagship store plays a key role in a company's **brand strategy**, draw brand awareness over and above making sales, despite most stores may not achieve financial returns
- Broaden product reach, cultivate positive customer experience and foster customer loyalty and consumer trust
- Development of relationship with customers, distributors, suppliers, partners, dealers, investors, etc.

B. Online merchant @ B2C e-Platform/marketplace

B2C marketplace study: Lazada

- No fixed fee and no setup fee, sellers are charged with a commission for every successful sale made
- One-stop-solution platform offering free and proper training to help and ease merchants' journey to sell online, including enriching branding and marketing skills
- Lazada University, an online learning portal, designed to cater all kind of learning approaches through livestream, bite-sized content, offline learnings, etc.

"Hints & Tips to Build a Successful Lazada Selling Business" (Dragon, 2020)

One should invest (i.e. money and time) in platforms (i.e. paid services such as SEO) that help the company marketing their products and services.

Actively and constantly manage customer feedback around the clock. Turn-on platform notification and check for feedbacks, comments, suggestions and complaints to ensure that the product's rating in good standing.

Utilize discounts, vouchers and promotions for product launches to gain trust and confidence from people; especially when the product is first listing in Lazada.

Always have the inventory up-to-date and in-stock to avoid over-selling.

Pricing is the basic factor for product conversion online. It is crucial to actively manage your prices to ensure that the pricing is keeping pace with other sellers.

Selling at multiple platforms at the time of product launches. Though it is prohibited to draw traffic away from Lazada, it does not mean that one cannot market at another webstore.

Create great product image, content and video for product listing.

Constantly and continuously monitoring, tracking and improving on a weekly basis.

Follow and adhere to Lazada's terms and conditions to avoid unnecessary blacklisting in the platforms.

Know your numbers well; one should know roughly what are the fees charged by Lazada and how much is the profit margin.

Tracking respective product search rank is a daily to-do-list.

Positive and superior customer satisfaction and customer experience foster customer loyalty.

E-commerce Business Models for Timber and Timber Products Industry (cont.)

C. Online merchant @ B2B e-Platform/marketplace

B2B marketplace study:



- Global trade station, a single solution platform offers a comprehensive foreign trade service
- Transforming the business from brick-to-mortar to click-to-mortar
- The epidemic drives consumers to pay more attention to the practicality of furniture products
- Alibaba.com Global Gold Supplier (GGS) account may design and customize storefront without requiring coding or designing skills, offers data-driven marketing schemes where data are being analysed to define the best-selling products
- Few implementation pitfalls commonly faced by most Malaysian GCS:
 - a) Average respond rate to Request for Quotations (RFQ)
 - RFQs (buying request submitted by a buyer and open to suppliers for bidding) expose the GGS companies to millions of buyers remotely over the web and build long-term business relationships
 - $_{\odot}$ Malaysia has the lowest RFQs respond rate (i.e. >72 hours) among the Asian countries
 - b) Content management
 - $_{\odot}$ Managing content in B2B is just as important for B2C e-commerce business
 - Over 80% of B2B searches for technology products or services starting with an online search
 - $_{\odot}$ Technology advancement of AI or keyword Chatbot allows the automation of customer service to serve 24/7





E-commerce Business Models for the Timber and Timber Products Industry (cont.)

D. Drop shipping



(b) Business extensions

- Third-party company as online marketing arm, success rate relies greatly on the relationship with the retailer, and information sharing cannot be avoided
- Suitable for furnished furniture or household fixtures

- One of the biggest and most attractive e-commerce business models in the past five years as it helps the seller to **minimise risk** and has little **start-up overhead cost**
- Offers a broad product offerings and products are available in the market more quickly; making it attractive to online merchants
- Types of drop shipping:

(a) Product reselling

- Most common type of drop shipping, where merchant will perform product sourcing from a variety of channels and suppliers; thereafter list the product collections on various platforms
- Suitable for the wood-based companies who know their customer segments and customer demographic well

(c) Product creation

- Creation of new products by combining existing products in a bundle
- Popular for online promotion with "theme" such as "I Love Wood"; "White Christmas" etc.

(d) Print on demand

- Allows customised message, text or image
- Suitable for wood-based products and souvenirs products

One of the suggestions is to collaborate with local universities to encourage students to participate in drop shipping e-commerce business model on a course-based or project-based basis.

E-commerce Business Models for the Timber and Timber Products Industry (cont.)

E. Social commerce

- Social commerce is about **selling** products or services **directly through social media networks**
- Offers customers the ability to checkout directly within the social media networks, aims for "one-click-buy-now-button" within the social media networks
- Allows brands to create social promotions, storefronts, and reward programs that leverage the social graph to activate customers across a wide variety of social commerce experience
- Wood-based industry may use social commerce platforms to fill the gap of personal touch on product installations' videos, advices, hints and tips and products' sharing on a timely basis
- At the moment, we have:



Facebook's shoppable pages

Instagram's buy now button



SERC

Pinterest's buyable pins

Use chatbot for messenger marketing:



Messenger Marketing vs Websites & Email



THANK YOU

